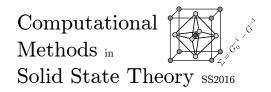
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one would expect.



Frankfurt, April 29, 2015

Exercise Set 2

(Due date: Monday, May 16, 2015)

Linarite [PbCuSO₄(OH)₂] is a magnetically ordered insulator. It crystallizes in the monoclinic space group P2₁/m (No. 11) with lattice parameters a = 9.682 Å, b = 5.646 Å, c = 4.683 Å, $\alpha = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$ and $\beta = 102.65^{\circ}$. The Wyckoff positions are:

Atom	x	y	z			
Pb	0.34162	0.25	0.32922			
Cu	0	0	0			
\mathbf{S}	0.66924	0.25	0.11596		red. coord.	FPLO coord.
O1	0.52562	0.25	0.93314	D	(0, 1/2, 1/2)	(0.23202, 0.85742, 1.03374)
O2	0.66352	0.25	0.42794	В	(0, 0, 1/2)	(0.23202, 0, 1.03374)
O3	0.25351	0.53644	0.94203	Ζ	(0, 1/2, 0)	(0, 0.85742, 0)
O4	0.96662	0.25	0.71304	Υ	(1/2, 0, 0)	(0.51244, 0, 0)
O5	0.09532	0.25	0.26983		•	
H1	0.86674	0.25	0.61668			
H2	0.05864	0.25	0.45377			

- a) Compose the cif file for linarite and visualize it (for example using VESTA).
- b) Prepare an FPLO (Full-potential local-orbital minimum basis code) input file and calculate the bandstructure on the path $D - B - \Gamma - Z - D - \Gamma - Y$. Find the main orbital character of the two bands crossing the Fermi level. <u>Remark:</u> The location of these k-points in reduced and FPLO coordinates is different. Both notations are given in the above table. In some monoclinic space groups the labelling of high-symmetry points can be different from what
- c) Write a program that fits the two bands crossing the Fermi level with a TB dispersion using an onsite energy and four hopping paramters t_i , i = 1, 2, 3, 4. Suitable optimization methods can be found in the scipy.optimize module of the Python programming language.
- d) Calculate the density of states (DOS) from the DFT code.
- e) Calculate the DOS for the tight binding Hamiltonian and compare it to the one calculated from the DFT code.