

Exercises for Advanced Physics 3, 2018 term 4

**Exercise Set 1**

(Due date: Tuesday, December 18, 2018)

**Exercise 1 (Landau diamagnetism)** (10 points)

Consider the two-dimensional electron gas in the presence of a perpendicular field  $\vec{B}_0 = B_0 \vec{e}_z$ . In the plane, assume that the electron gas is enclosed in a rectangular sample with side lengths  $L_x$  and  $L_y$ . According to section 3.3.1 of the script, in the ground state, the  $N$  electrons occupy the Landau levels

$$(1) \quad \begin{aligned} E_{n,k_x} &= \hbar \omega_c \left( n + \frac{1}{2} \right), \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \\ \omega_c &= \frac{e B_0}{m} \end{aligned}$$

The spin splitting is neglected here.

- (a) What is the smallest field  $B_0 = B_0^{(0)}$  at which all the electrons are placed in the  $n = 0$  level?
- (b) What is the field  $B_0 = B_0^{(n_0)} \leq B_0^{(0)}$  at which the  $N$  electrons are uniformly distributed in the Landau levels up to the quantum number  $n_0$ ?
- (c) If the field  $B_0$  is between the two critical fields  $B_0^{(n_0)}$  and  $B_0^{(n_0-1)}$

$$B_0^{(n_0-1)} \geq B_0 \geq B_0^{(n_0)},$$

calculate the total energy  $E(B_0)$  of the  $N$  electron system.

- (d) What is the result for the special case  $E(B_0^{(n_0)})$ ?

Please explain all steps!